



PrEP: Progress in Central Asia

Fast Track Cities Conference 2023

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The propagation of HIV within the MSM in EECA

HIV prevalence



Coverage with HIV prevention

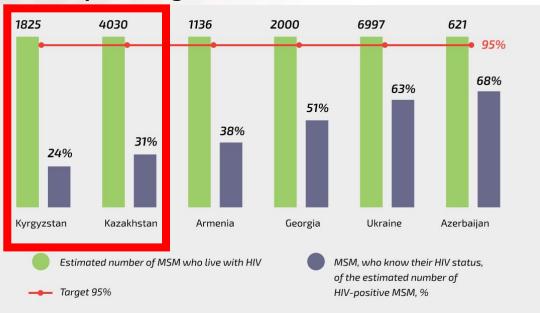


Chart: ECOM • Source: AIDSinfo and Global Fund • Created with Datawrapper

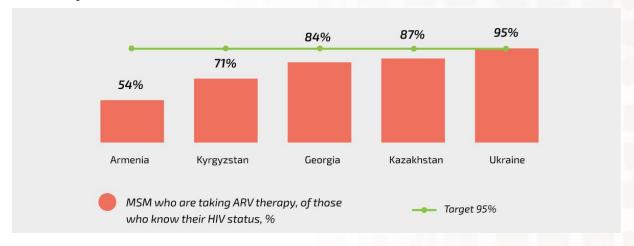


HIV Cascade among MSM

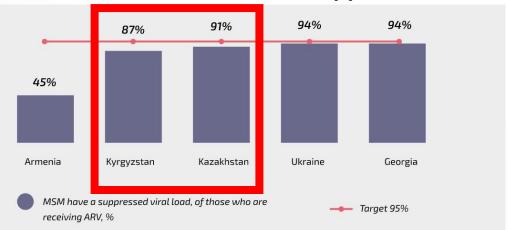
% People living with HIV know their HIV status



% People who know their status, receive HIV treatment



% People on HIV treatment have a suppressed viral load





PrEP in Central Asia



- PrEP initiatives were implemented across four nations, with three of these programs specifically targeting key populations, notably men who have sex with men (MSM).
- Notably, there is an absence of nationally standardized PrEP protocols within Turkmenistan.
- Over the course of a decade, there has been a notable expansion in the availability of PrEP, yet its accessibility remains constrained.
- Kazakhstan stands out as a pioneering nation in terms of the sheer magnitude of individuals benefiting from PrEP interventions.



PrEP in Kyrgyzstan

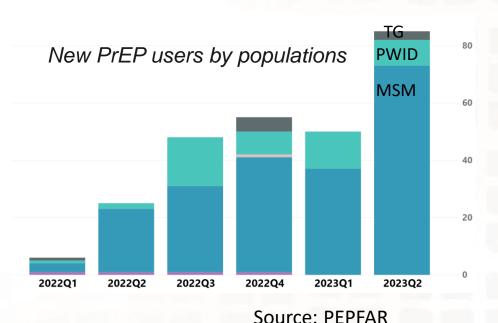
Low awareness of PrEP (2021 BBS)

MSM: 22.1 (Osh)- 37.3% (Bishkek)

PWID: 4.6-15.2% (across six locations)

- < 400 users</p>
- From Q1->Q2 FY23, there was a substantial 66% surge in the number of newly registered PrEP users
 - Results represent 50.3% of annual target (350)
- Newly registered PrEP users: 50-50% a daily and on-demand (E-D) schedule
- Introduction of community-based delivery services in 2022







PrEP in Kazakhstan

- State funding for PrEP since 2021
- > 3,000 clients, 2023
- Daily PrEP is the most preferred option for users, 68%
- New PrEP protocol in December 2022, the most advanced in EECA, includes CAB-LA
- July 2023 PrEP available through pharmacies and community centres



Source: KNCDIZ



ECOM / WHO cooperation within SoS_Project 2.0

- Facilitating access and reducing barriers to PrEP in the EECA region
- Technical assistance: regular expert site visits, educational activities, review of policies and protocols, demand creation: development of informational materials
- Advocacy to promote the latest WHO recommendations and ensure their inclusion in national protocols
- 1st (Sub-)Regional Consultation on PrEP in Central Asia: platform for interdisciplinary and regional cooperation





Technical Assistance

Joint ECOM/WHO team visits to Kazakhstan and Kyrgyzstan in 2023:

- Kazakhstan: Expansion of PrEP in remote regions
- Kyrgyzstan: Review of national policy and recommendation for revision, including community-based model
- Tajikistan: Site visits for medical professionals within the region



Home - ECOM news - The First PrEP Resource Center in Central Asia: Advantages and Principles of Work



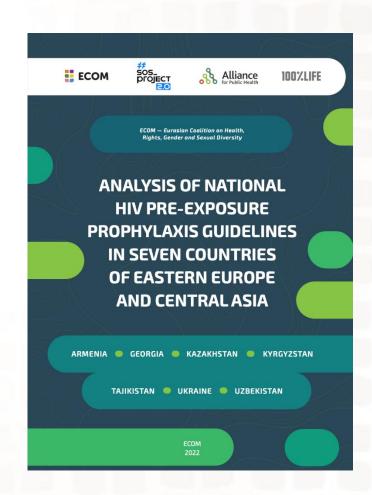
In April this year, in Almaty was launched the Resource Center (RC) for pre-exposure prophylaxis of HIV (PrEP), which is a platform to exchange experience and transfer best practices between countries within the region of Central Asia (CA).

This initiative is unique because the RC is a platform for joint learning and exploration of new topics not only for employees of non-governmental organizations (NGOs), but also for medical professionals. The center is also a platform for dialogue between medical experts and community members.



Analysis of National PrEP Protocols

- National protocols are not fully aligned with WHO recommendations and technical guidelines for PrEP provision
- The excessive medicalization of prescription methods.
- National protocols do not consider a community-based service delivery model



ECOM Analysis of National PrEP Protocols

WHO Guidelines	ARM	GEO	KAZ	KGZ	ТЈК	UKR	UZB
PrEP available to key populations	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
PrEP available to all individuals at substantial risk of HIV upon request	-	-	+	+	+	+	-
Event-Driven PrEP available for trans people	-	-	-	+	-	+	-
Persons with HBV infection are eligible for event-driven PrEP	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Community-based PrEP delivery is possible	-	+	-	-	-	-	-
Creatinine clearance testing is not required for PrEP start	-	-	+	+	+	+	-
Creatinine clearance testing is not required for PrEP continuation	-	-	+	+	+	+	-
HBsAg testing is not required for PrEP start	-	-	+	+	+	+	-



Challenges and Barriers



- Inadequate awareness of PrEP within key populations.
- Limited knowledge among healthcare professionals regarding PrEP.
- Stigmatization and discrimination by healthcare practitioners.
- The medicalization of PrEP services, restricting prescription authority solely to medical doctors.
- Prohibition of online procurement of PrEP.
- Unavailability of PrEP for migrant populations.



Recommendations



- Facilitate community-based service delivery.
- Establish protocols that support the activities of non-governmental organizations (NGOs).
- Generate demand within local communities.
- Provide training for healthcare professionals.



1st Sub-Regional Consultation on PrEP among MSM and Trans People in Central Asia



21-22 November 2023. Goals:

- Develop multi-stakeholder approaches for subregional and national scale up of PrEP programs among MSM and trans* people
- Advocate for and popularize community-based models
- Present the best practices of PrEP implementation, including community-based practices
- Identify the needs and potential solutions to overcome the barriers for PrEP expansion